UNIT 1: BACK TO SCHOOL

I/ Vocabulary: - parents (n) / peərənt/: Father and mother (ba me) - miss (v)/mis/: nhớ - still (adv) /stil/: vẫn cò - lots of /lotsəv/ (adj): nhiều : nhiều = a lot of, many, much - unhappy /ʌnˈhæpɪ/ (adj): buồn, bất hạnh (adj): vui, hạnh phúc - happy - different + from /'dɪfrənt/ (adj): khác với =>difference + between /'difrans/(n) Ex: My school is **different from** his school. The **difference between** Mai and Hoa is character. - The same as...(adj): giống Ex: His bike is **the same as** mine. (adv): cũng vậy - so - lunchroom /'lʌntʃru:m/ (n): phòng ăn trưa /dзлstfaɪn/ (adj): rất khỏe - just fine = very well - pretty /'priti / (adv): khá, hơi - pretty good /'priti god/ (adj): khá khỏe/tốt - be from (v): quê ở Ex: She is from Nha Trang. /ˈfæməli neɪm/ - family name : (**Pham** Thi Hoa) (tên họ) - middle name /'midl neim/ : (Pham **Thi** Hoa) (tên lót) : (Pham Thi Hoa) (tên riêng) - first name /fa:st neim/ : (Pham Thi Hoa) (tên đầy đủ) - full name /ful neim/ : (địa chỉ) - address (n) /ə'dres/ : (nói chuyện) - talk (v) /to:k/ - far (adj) / fa:(r)/ # near /nɪə(r)/ (xa # gần) - distance (n) / distans/ : khoảng cách - kilometer (n) / 'kilə,mi:tə/ : km - meter (n) / mi:ta(r) : m - movie theater (n) /'muːvi 'θɪə.tər/ : rap chiếu phim - post office (n) /pəust 'pfis/: buu điện - bus stop (n) /'bas stop/: tram xe buýt - survey (n) /'s3:vei/: cuộc khảo sát - survey form (n) /'s3:vei fO:m/: mẫu khảo sát

- means (n) /mi:nz/ : phương tiện

- transport (n) /'trænsp3:t/ (n): sự chuyên chở
- means of transport (n): phương tiện chuyên chở
- distance (n) ['distəns] : khoảng cách

II/ Structures:

A. Indefinite quantifier (Từ chỉ số lượng)

Much + Uncountable Noun (danh từ không đếm được)

many + countable Noun (danh từ đếm được số nhiều)

(nhiều)

lots of + Countable Noun

a lot of + Countable Noun and uncountable noun

- "Much, many" thường được dùng trong câu phủ định và nghi vấn.

Ex: Hurry up! We don't have much time.

Do you have many friends?

-"Lots of, a lot of" thường được dùng trong câu khẳng định.

Ex: She has a lot of friends in Hue.

He plays lots of games.

B. Comparative (so sánh hơn)

+) Short adjectives (tính từ ngắn)

S + be + **short adjective + er + than** + Noun/ pronoun

Eg: She is taller than me

+) Long adjective (tính từ dài)

S+ be + more + long adjective + than + noun/ pronoun

Ex: His watch is more expensive than mine

Một số trường hợp ngoại lệ

good	better	

bad	worse
little	Less
many/ much	more
far	farther/ further

C. TOO/ SO (cũng thế): Too, So là trạng từ biểu lộ sự đồng tình trong câu khẳng định.

- Too được viết ở cuối câu, sau dấu phẩy.

Ex: -He is a student.

I'm, too.

-She reads a newspaper.

They do, too.

-So được viết ở đầu câu và sau "so" phải là dạng đảo ngữ (động từ "be" hoặc trợ động từ được đưa lên trước chủ ngữ).

Ex: - She is a good student.

So is she.

-He must get up early.

So must he.

Note: can, must, should được xem như là một trợ từ (aux. verb)

D/ Question words (một số từ để hỏi)

What : gì, cái gì?Where : ở đâu?

How : như thế nào?When : khi nào?

- Which : người hoặc vật nào?

Why : tại sao?Whose : của ai?

E/ Cấu trúc thông dụng của các từ để hỏi:

- Hỏi địa chỉ nhà

Ex: Where do you live? = What is your address?

WHERE DO/DOES + S + LIVE => WHAT IS TÍNH TỪ SỞ HỮU + ADDRESS?

- =>I live at 12 Tran Hung Dao Street.
- + at: chỉ địa chỉ cụ thể (số nhà, tên đường), giờ
- + in: thành phố, đất nước, năm mùa...
- + on: tên đường, the bus, ngày, ngày tháng

- Hỏi tên/ họ

Ex: What is your family name?

- => My family name is Pham.
- Hỏi và trả lời khoảng cách từ 1 nơi này đến nơi khác
- How far : xa như thế nào?

How far is it + from +(place1)+ to (place2)?

=> What's the distance between place 1 and place 2?

It's + about + distance(meter(s)/kilometer(s))

Ex: How far it it from your house to school?

- => It's about 3 kilometers.
- Hỏi và trả lời về tuổi tác

How old + be + S = What is + tính từ sở hữu + age?

Ex: How old are you? => What is your age?

F/ PRESENT SIMPLE TENSE

Affirmative

Subject + verb (s/es)

Ex. Mai goes to school on foot.

They do their homework every evening.

• Negative

Subject + do/does + not + verb(inf.)

Ex. Mai doesn't go to school on foot.

They don't do their homework every evening.

Interrogative

Do/ Does + Subject + Verb (inf.)?

Ex. Does Mai go to school on foot?

Do they do their homework every evening?

How to use the Simple Present Tense (Cách sử dụng thì hiện tại đơn)

-Diễn đạt một thói quen hoặc hành động lặp đi lặp lại trong hiện tại

I usually go to bed at 11 p.m.

My mother always gets up early.

-Diễn đạt chân lý, sự thật hiển nhiên

The earth moves around the sun.

The sun rises in the East

UNIT 1: BACK TO SCHOOL

I. PRONUNCIATION

Choose the word whose main stress pattern is not the same as that of the others 1. A. party B. favorite C. delicious D. comfortable 2. A. chemistry B. uniform C. distance D. address 3. A. volleyball B. factory C. museum D. temple 4. A. amazing B. routine C. stadium D. between 5. A. dangerous B. difficult C. market D. intersection 6. A. different B. empty C. pretty D. pollution 7. A. pagoda B. vacation C. badminton D. potato B. visit D. finish 8. A. cabbage C. apartment C. invite D. behind 9. A. appear B. birthday. 10. A. moment B. geography C. hospital D. calendar II. MULTIPLE CHOICE 1. Every day he the bus to work. A. has B. comes C. catches D. goes 2. Her of birth is on July 2^{nd} B. date C. place A. day D. name 3. Hoa doesn't have friends in Ha Noi. B. some C. much D. none is correct A. any 4. My grandmother loves She plants flowers and vegetables in the small garden behind her house. C. fishing A. listening B. climbing D. gardening

5. My sister likes	becaus	se she can play in the	water and keep fit
		C. dancing	
_		ouse?	_
		C. Yes, I like	
			nds this hobby interesting
A. enjoy	B. don't enjoy	C. enjoys	D. doesn't enjoys
8 is it	from your house to	your school? About :	5 km.
		C. How far	
_		parents i	
A. still live	B. live still	C. lives	D. living
		Hung Dao Street.	
			D. telephone number
11. Mr Long is a te			•
		C. Are you, too	D. I am, too
12. Look! The bus			
A. coming	B. come	C. comes	D. is coming
13. My new school			Č
•	_	B. more big and r	nore beautiful than
		D. more big and r	
		ne class so	
A. at/at	B. in/in	C. in/at	D. on/at
15. How far is it fro	om Hoa's house to	school, Mai?	••••
A. yes, it is abou	t 1 km	B. it is not very fa	ar, about 200 m.
C. it about 1 km		B. it is not very fa D. No, it isn't ver	y far
16 too			
A. Please	B. Pleased	C. I'm please	D. All are correct
17. Hoa is	because she do	esn't know anyone he	ere.
A. Worried	B. sad	C. unhappy	D. All are correct
18. Basketball is di	fferent		
A. with	B. off	C. for	D. from
		$Mom\\ the$	housework.
A. With	B. for	C. about	D. on
20. Mr Jame can't s	see you now. He's	<u>busy</u>	
A. out	B. not at home	C. not free	D. sick
IV. CAUTION SIG	GNS – WARNING	GS (0.5 pt).	
1. This sign means	}		SLOW
A. Children are p	playing so drivers l	nave to stop.	*
B. Children have	e to go to school.		1
C. Drivers need	to drive slowly nea	ar a school	SCHOOL
D. Be careful wh	nen driving a stude	nt.	
2. This sign means	}		
a. Caution! A	Angry dog		
h Caution!			
o. Caution.	Wet floor		

d. Caution! Chemical

3. This sign means

- A. Stop staring at other students at school.
- B. Students must not hurt others at school.
- C. Teachers must not punish students at school.
- D. Students must do their homework before school.







4. This sign means

- A. Only students can park their bikes here.
- B. Only teachers can put their vehicles here.
- C. Parents can pick up their children here.
- D. School staff can park their vehicles here.

5. This sign means

- A. You should not say bad words at school.
- B. You can smoke outside school.
- C. You must not burn anything here.
- D. You are not allowed to smoke at school.

III. CLOZE TEXTS

Passage 1

Hoa is a new student in class 7A. Her parents (1)......in Hue, and she lives (2).....her uncle and aunt in Ha Noi. Hoa (3)...... a lot of friends in Hue, but she doesn't have(4)..... friends in Ha Noi. Many things are different. Her new school is (5)...... than her old school. Her new school has lots of students. Hoa is unhappy (6)..... she misses her parents and her friends.

1.A. to live	B. live	C. lives	D. living
2.A. with	B. and	C. but	D. of
3.A. have	B. has	C. having	D. is
4.A. much	B. many	C. any	D. some
5.A. big	B. biger	C. biggest	D. bigger
6.A. so	B. but	C. because	D.as

Passage 2

Hello, I am Tam and this is Minh. Minh is a good student (1)......he always learns hard and well. Every day, he goes to school in the morning, then he (2).....his homework and the housework in the afternoon, and watches TV or reads books in the (3).......... He also takes part in (4)......activities after school hours such as sports, music,... He is a member of his school sports team and he is also a member of (5)....... class theater group. He is very good (6)...... swimming and he often goes swimming with his father and brother.

1. A. so	B. because	C. but	D. however
2. A. do	B. does	C. will do	D. is doing
3. A. night	B. morning	C. afternoon	D. evening
4. A. different	B. amazing	C. difficult	D. comfortable
5. A. my	B. his	C. their	D. her
6. A. in	B. for	C. of	D. at

Passage 3

My teacher, Miss Green, is a young lady of twenty-five. She is a pretty woman. She loves her pupils (1) She never gets angry with them. Miss Green (2) teaching her pupils. Sometimes she tells (3) many interesting stories. I like to listen to her stories

(4) they	y all help us to lea	rn some (5)	lessons. Sometimes she takes us c	out	
(6) a pi	cnic.	, ,			
- · · · ·		ries to teach us so	mething new. It is my dream that wher	ı I	
grow up I can beco			·		
1. a. very many	_	c. too	d. so		
2. a. enjoy	<u>*</u>		d. to enjoy		
	b. they	c. I	d. us		
4. a. because	b. when				
	b. useful		d. to use		
6. a. from	b. by	c. for	d. of		
IV. READING CO Passage 1	OMPREHENSIO	N			
<u> </u>	z student in class 1	7C at Ly Thuong I	Kiet school. She is from Bien Hoa and h	1er	
			t in Ho Chi Minh City.	ICI	
•			from her old school. Her new school has	c 2	
		•	y trees in the school yard. Her old school		
			new friends in her class and in her school		
She is very happy.	students and tree	s. Lan has many h	iew friends in her class and in her seno	01.	
1. Lan comes from	Ho Chi Minh City	,			
2. Her new school i					
3. There are not ma	•				
	4. Lan doesn't have many new friends in her new school.				
5. The main topic is		1 1 1			
a. Lan's daily life		ooi c. Lan's scho	ool life d. Lan's family		
6. The word 'it' in		.1 1 1	1 11 11 1		
	new school	c. the school y	d. her old school		
Passage 2	M C '1	, NI T '11	1 12 4 11 14 6 11 1		
	•	~ .	be 13 next year. I live with my family in		
_			ey work in a factory. Every day, they go		
			te in the afternoon. They go to work		
-		-	t one kilometer so I often go to school		
	_	-	kt birthday. In my free time, I like readi	_	
-			g for my mother. I have an elder sister. S	he	
is Lan and she learn		nal University.			
1. Hoa is at the age					
2. Her mother work		•			
3. Her parents ride					
4. Her parents will		her next birthday.			
5. The main topic is					
a. Lan and her fami	•	activities in a day			
c. Her parents' jobs		hool			
6. The word 'elder'					
a. younger	b. bigger	c. older	d. better		

V. WORD FORM:

1. Most of the students likecomics. (READ)	
2. The schools in the city are than the ones in the country. (GOC)D)
3. She a meeting tonight.(HAVE)	,
4. Lien is because she misses her parents very much .(HAPP	Y)
5. There is a big TV set in my room. (LIVE)	,
6. Tu Hieu is one of the pagodas in Hue. (OLD)	
7. California is the largest state in USA. (THREE)	
8 water puppet shows are very famous. (VIETNAM)	
9. Nam and Lan would like to visit manyplaces. (DIFFER	
10. It's such a day! Will we visit our grandparents? (BEAUT	
VI. WRITE	1)
A. Rearrangement	
1. school / How/ does / go /often / to / your sister/?	
⇒ How	• • • • • •
2. going to / We / are / visit / Hue / next Sunday / ?	
⇒ we	
3. travelling / What about / Xa Nu Forest / through/ together/?	
⇒ What	
4. is / her old school / bigger than / Her new school / ?	
⇒ Her new	
5. because she / Hoa / unhappy / is / and / misses her parents/ her friends	
⇒ Hoa	
B. Transformation	
1. I am hungry. Lan is hungry.	
□ I am hungry Lan.	
2. I like tennis. She likes tennis.	
□ I like tennis she.	
3. I am interested in watching TV. They are interested in watching TV.	
⇒ I am interested in watching TV and they	
4. They can swim. She can swim.	
⇒ They can swim and	(use "too")
5. We will eat out. They will eat out.	(use 100)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
⇒ We will eat out and (use "so")	
6. You are taller than me.	
⇒ I am	•
7. The blue dress is cheaper than the red one.	
⇒ The red dress is	•
8. This book is more interesting than that book.	
⇒ That book	-
9. I am fine, thank you.	
⇒ I	
	- -

⇒ What	?
12. Where do you live?	
⇒ What	?
13. What is Minh's address?	
⇒ Where	?
14. What is her surname?	
⇒ What is	?
15. How far is it from his school to the bus stop?	
⇒ What	?
16. What is the distance between your school and your house?	
⇒ How far	?
VII. Tenses	
1. Hoa (have) a lot of friends in Hue.	
2. She (be) unhappy now. She (miss)he	er parents in Ha Noi
3Hoa (talk) to Miss Lien at the moment	nt?
4. (you be) a new student? – Yes, I (be)	in class 7B
5. Hoa's old school (be) small. It (not have)	
6. I (walk) to school every day, but today I (ride)	
7. We (not go) to class on Sunday,	
8. Where Hoa's parents (live)?	
9. We often (play) tennis in the afternoon.	
10.(you be) free next Sunday? No, I (do)	my homework.